



2D/3D Dual CygLiDAR

# CygLiDAR D2

User Manual

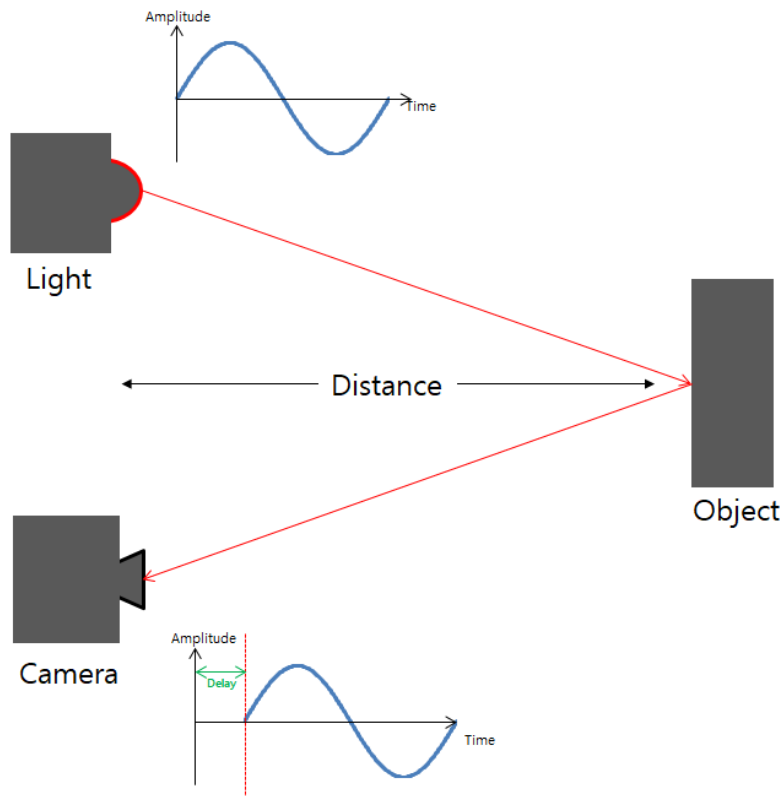
# Table of Contents

- 1 [Introduction](#) 3
  - [ToF \(Time of Flight\)](#) 3
  - [Solid State](#) 3
  - [2D / 3D Dual](#) 3
- 2 [Specification](#) 4
- 3 [Component](#) 5
- 4 [Hardware Design](#) 5
- 5 [How to Use](#) 6
- 6 [Serial Communication](#) 7
  - [UART](#) 7
  - [PINMAP](#) 7
  - [Packet Structure](#) 7
  - [Checksum](#) 7
  - [Packet](#) 8
- 7 [Verification & Install](#) 15
- 8 [CygLiDAR Viewer](#) 16
- 9 [CygLiDAR ROS Driver](#) 22
- 10 [Revision history](#) 23

# 1. Introduction

## ToF (Time of Flight)

CyLiDAR measures distance by light round trip time (ToF). ToF emits a pulse signal at the light emitter and measures the phase change of the signal reflected by the object. This is the Phase shift method that measures time and calculates distance.



## Solid State

Solid State CyLiDAR has no vibration, heat or noise that is directly linked to the life of the device.

Unlike the 360 ° Scanning LiDAR, which uses a motor, a wide viewing angle is secured with a wide-angle lens, so the light emitting part (laser, LED) does not have to operate for a long time. This can reduce the heat generated by the light emitting part.

Solid State does not use a motor, so it can set smaller in size. CyLiDAR that use this method are highly compatible.

## 2D / 3D Dual

CyLiDAR can measure 2D and 3D distance data at the same time. A delicate external environment is possible with 3D data, enabling long-distance measurements with 2D data. CyLiDAR allows for flexible system configurations.

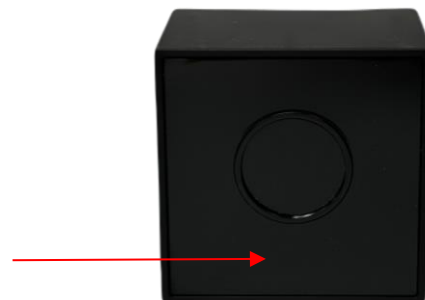
## 2. Specification

Detection range	Range affected by reflectivity 2D : 200mm ~ 7,000mm 3D : 50mm ~ 2,000mm (*DRM)
Distance accuracy	±1%
Resolution (Measure in mm)	2D : 0.75° (Angle) 3D : 160 x 60 (Pixel)
FOV : Field of View	2D/3D Horizontal : 120° 3D Vertical : 65°
Wavelength	*Laser Diode : NIR 940nm LED : NIR 940nm
Measuring speed	2D : 15Hz 3D : 15Hz
Size ( W * H * D )	37.4 * 37.4 * 24.5 (mm <sup>3</sup> )
Weight	31g
Interface	UART TTL 3.3V 3,000,000 bps
Input power source	5V, 500mA
Operating Temperature	-10°C ~ 50°C





\*DRM : Dynamic Range Mode

**\*Laser Diode : Be Careful**

Do not inject the Laser directly into your eyes.  
The act of looking at the laser with an optical measuring instrument (magnifying glass, microscope, telescope, etc.) can cause poor vision.

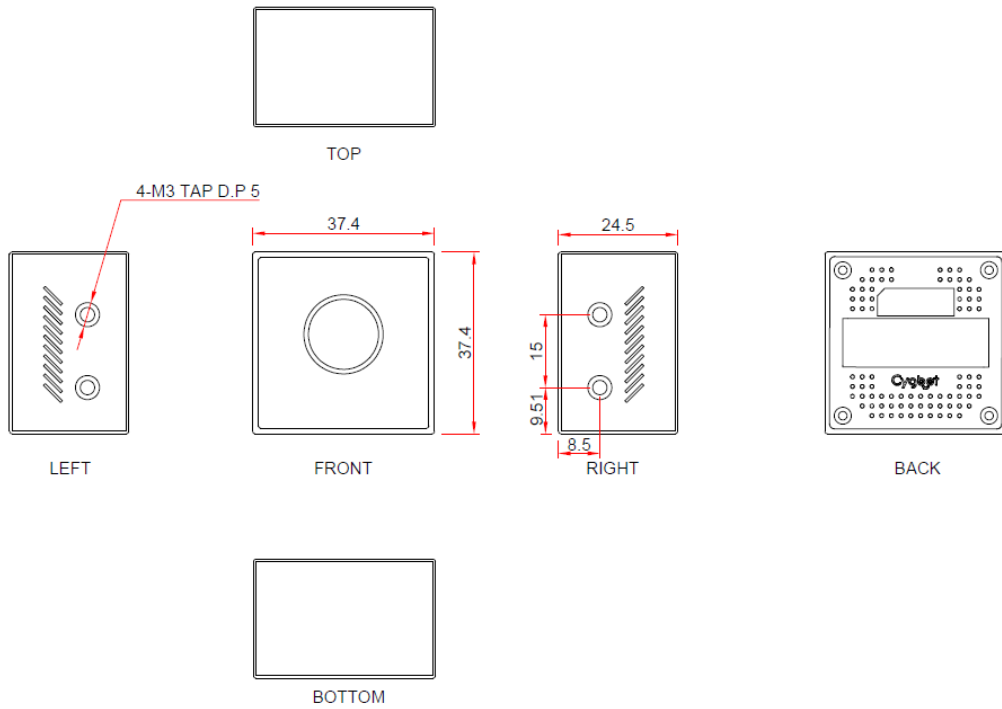


# 3. Component

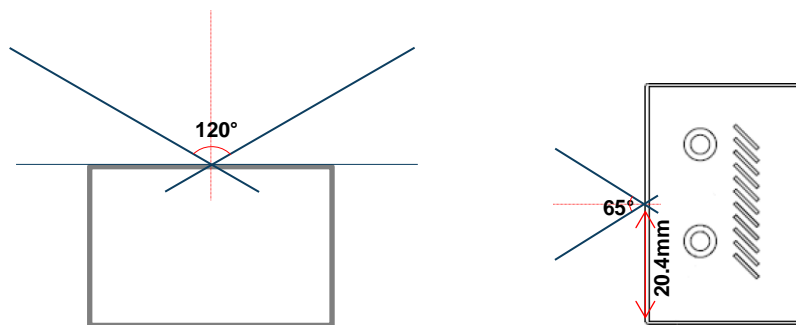
			
CygLiDAR D2	Connector	USB to UART Converter	5pin USB Cable

\* Components other than CygLiDAR D2 are provided separately and may differ from the image above.

# 4. Hardware Design


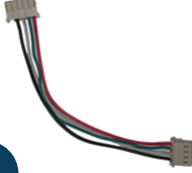





## FOV definition

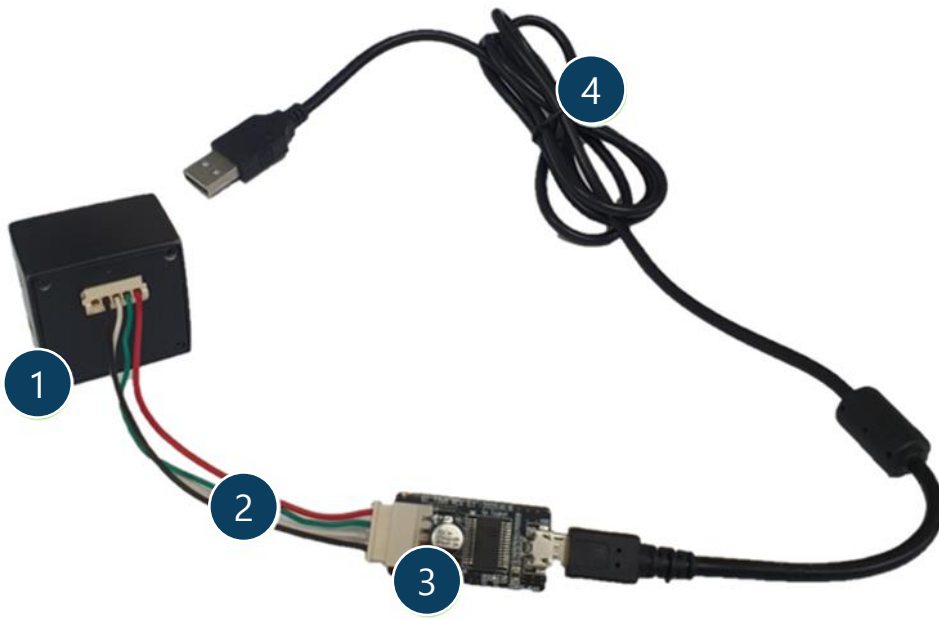


# 5. How to Use

- This is the tool you need to get your Lidar working.

 1	 2	 3	 4	 5
CygLiDAR D2	Connector	USB to UART Converter	5pin USB Cable	PC or Raspberry Pi

- Connect 1, 2, 3, 4 in order as shown below.



- Finally, connect 4 and 5 (PC or Raspberry Pi).



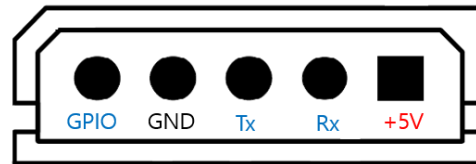
# 6. Serial Communication

## UART

Data Bit : 8 bit  
 Parity : none  
 Stop Bit : 1 bit  
 Baud Rate : 3,000,000 bps

## PINMAP

VCC : +5V  
 Rx : UART TTL Rx  
 Tx : UART TTL Tx  
 GND : GND  
 GPIO : Reserved



## Packet structure

Packet					Payload					Packet
Header1	Header2	Header3	Payload Length LSB	Payload Length MSB	Payload Header	Payload Data 0	Payload Data 1	...	Payload Data n	Checksum
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	n byte			1 byte	

Header : Three fixed values assigned to every valid dataset, consisting of 0x5A, 0x77 and 0xFF.

Payload Length : Payload size in byte.

Payload Header : A unique value for a clarification of the device version.

Payload Data : A set of the significant bits of the pixel component data.

Checksum : The result of XOR of all values only except Headers from 1 to 3.

## Checksum

Checksum is the last byte of a frame that is only used for an integrity check.

```
#define PAYLOAD_LENGTH_LSB_INDEX 3

uint8_t CalcChecksum(uint8_t *buff, int buffSize)
{
    uint8_t CheckSum = 0;
    for(int i = PAYLOAD_LENGTH_LSB_INDEX; i < buffSize - 1; i++)
    {
        CheckSum ^= buff[i];
    }
    return CheckSum;
}
```

# 6. Serial Communication

## Packet

### Request Overview

Request Name	Payload Header Value	Payload Length	Response Packet	LiDAR Operation	Supported Firmware Version
Get Device Info	0x10	2	O	Get the release versions of the latest update to F/W and H/W.	0.0.1
Get Device ID	0x21	2	O	Get the ID set for the current sensor.	0.3.5
Set Device ID	0x20	2	X	Sets the ID of the sensor.	0.3.5
Run 2D Mode	0x01	2	O	Start 2D Data measurement.	0.0.1
Run 3D Mode	0x08	2	O	Start 3D Data measurement.	0.0.1
Run Dual Mode	0x07	2	O	Start Dual Data measurement.	0.0.1
Switch Distance 3D	0x15	2	X	Output Distance Data when measuring 3D Data.	
Switch Amplitude 3D	0x15	2	X	Output Distance Data and Amplitude Data when measuring 3D Data.	
Stop	0x02	2	X	Change status to Idle.	0.0.1
Set 3D Light pulse duration	0x0C	3	X	Control 3D Light pulse duration.	0.0.1
Set Frequency Channel	0x0F	2	X	Change frequency channel.	0.0.1
Set Baud Rate	0x12	2	X	Change serial baud rate.	0.2.4
Set New Filtering	0x13	3	X	Change filters in 3D and Dual mode.	0.3.5
Set Edge Filtering	0xD0	2	X	Set the Edge filter.	0.3.5



# 6. Serial Communication

## Get Device Info (0x10)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x10	0x00	0x12					
Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x07	0x00	0x10	F/W 1	F/W 2	F/W 3	H/W 1	H/W 2	H/W 3	Check Sum

[Example] F/W version = 0.0.1, H/W Version = 0.2.0 인 경우 Payload Data

0x00	0x00	0x01	0x00	0x02	0x00
------	------	------	------	------	------

Both versions of firmware and hardware are provided.

## Get Device ID (0x21)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x21	0x00	0x23
Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x07	0x00	0x21	Device ID	Check Sum

Get the ID set for the current sensor.

## Set Device ID (0x20)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x20	Device ID	Check Sum
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-----------	-----------

You can change the sensor's ID settings. Device IDs can be set from +0 to 255.

### Device ID

0 (default) → 0x00  
 1 → 0x01  
 2 → 0x02  
 ⋮  
 ⋮  
 ⋮  
 255 → 0xFF

## 6. Serial Communication

### Run 2D Mode Request (0x01)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x01	0x00	0x03
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x43	0x01	0x01	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	LSB -60°	MSB -60°	...	LSB +60°	MSB +60°	Check Sum
-----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	-----	----------	----------	-----------

Light source : Laser, LED  
 FOV : 120°  
 Resolution : 0.75°  
 Range : 200 ~ 8,000mm  
 Data Type : 16 bit

#### Error code list

16000 : Limit for valid data  
 16001 : Low Amplitude  
 16002 : ADC Overflow  
 16003 : Saturation  
 16004 : Bad Pixel

Switch the state to 2D Mode. When the state is in 2D Mode, it measures and outputs 2D distance data. The data output sequence is from -60° to +60° with a 0.75° interval.

It outputs sensor's temperature (Temperature, °C) data and time (TimeStamp, μs) data after the target measurement before sending the 2D data.

The measurement time can be obtained by subtracting the 2D timestamp from the current time, and the temperature is calculated as 'Temperature / 256 = Sensor Temperature' in Celsius(°C)

### Run 3D Mode Request (0x08)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x08	0x00	0x0A
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x41	0x38	0x08	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	3D Distance Data	Check Sum
-----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	----------	----------	----------	----------	------------------	-----------

Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x41	0x38	0x88	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	3D Distance & Amplitude Data	Check Sum
-----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	----------	----------	----------	----------	------------------------------	-----------

Light source : LED  
 Resolution : 160 x 60  
 Horizontal FOV : 120°  
 Vertical FOV : 65°  
 Range : 50 ~ 3,000mm  
 Data Type : 12 bit

#### Error code list

4080 : Limit for valid data  
 4081 : Low amplitude  
 4082 : ADC Overflow  
 4083 : Saturation

Switch the state to 3D Mode. When the state is in 3D Mode, it measures and outputs 3D Distance Data or Amplitude Data.

The data output sequence is in pixel coordinates (0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 2), ..., (159, 59).

It outputs sensor's temperature (Temperature, °C) data and time (TimeStamp, μs) data after the target measurement before sending the 2D data.

The measurement time can be obtained by subtracting the 2D timestamp from the current time, and the temperature is calculated as 'Temperature / 256 = Sensor Temperature' in Celsius(°C)

# 6. Serial Communication

## 3D Data format

	DC0	DC1	DC2	DC3	DC159
DR0	1500mm (0x5DC)	2000mm (0x7D0)	1600mm (0x640)	1800mm (0x708)	...
DR1	1530mm (0x5FA)	120mm (0x078)	4083mm (0xFF3) Saturation		
DR2	256mm (0x100)	126mm (0x07E)			
DR3	210mm (0x0D2)				
	⋮				
DR59					100mm (0x064)

DR0 DC0 & DR0 DC1			DR0 DC2 & DR0 DC3			DR59 DC159
DR0 DC0	DR0 DC1	DR0 DC1	DR0 DC2	DR0 DC3	DR0 DC3	
0x5D	0xC7	0xD0	0x64	0x07	0x08	...
						0x64

## Run Dual Mode Request (0x07)

DR0 DC0 & DR0 DC1		AR0 AC0 AR1 AC1		DR0 DC2 & DR0 DC3			AR2 AC2 AR3 AC3		DR59 DC159	AR58 AC158	AR59 AC159		
DR0C0	DR0 DC1	DR0 DC1	DR0C2	DR0 DC3	DR0 DC3								
0x5D	0xC7	0xD0	0x1F	0x77	0x64	0x07	0x08	0x51	0x9C	...	0x64	0x31	0xAA



### 3D Distance Data

	DC0	DC1	DC2	DC3	DC159
DR0	1500mm (0x5DC)	2000mm (0x7D0)	1600mm (0x640)	1800mm (0x708)	...
DR1	1530mm (0x5FA)	120mm (0x078)	4083mm (0xFF3) Saturation		
DR2	256mm (0x100)	126mm (0x07E)			
DR3	210mm (0x0D2)				
	⋮				
DR59					100mm (0x064)

### 3D Amplitude Data

	AC0	AC1	AC2	AC3	AC159
AR0	0x1F	0x77	0x51	0x9C	...
AR1	0x19	0xFF	0x01		
AR2	0x00	0x01			
AR3	0x31				
	⋮				
AR59					0x31 0xAA

## 6. Serial Communication

### Run Dual Mode Request (0x07)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x07	0x00	0x0A								
Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x43	0x01	0x01	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	LSB -60°	MSB -60°	...	LSB +60°	MSB +60°	Check Sum
Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x41	0x38	0x08	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	3D Distance Data				Check Sum	
Response Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x41	0x38	0x88	LSB Time	MSB Time	LSB Temp	MSB Temp	3D Distance & Amplitude Data				Check Sum	

Switch the state to Dual Mode.

When the state is in Dual Mode, it sequentially measures and outputs 2D and 3D data.

For 3D data, it outputs response data based on the selected Mode Type.

### Switch Distance 3D / Amplitude 3D Mode Type

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x15	0x00	0x00	0x16								
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

When outputting 3D data, change the mode to output only Distance data type.

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x15	0x01	0x00	0x17								
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

When outputting 3D data, change the mode to output both Distance and Amplitude data.

Amplitude data can be transformed according to user intent through vision algorithms.

# 6. Serial Communication

## Stop (0x02)

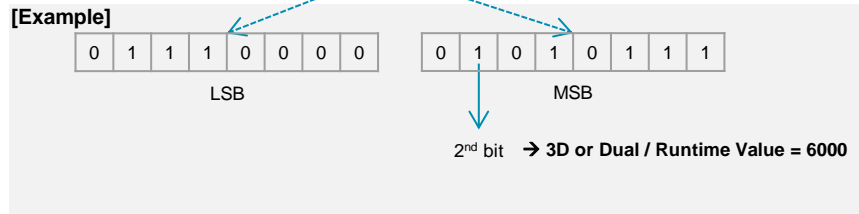
Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x02	0x00	0x00
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Change the status to Idle.

When the status is in Idle, device does nothing.

## Set 3D Pulse Duration Request (0x0C)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x03	0x00	0x0C	LSB	MSB	Check Sum
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-----	-----	-----------



2 <sup>nd</sup> bit	Result
0	Auto
1	Fixed

3D Data is utilized in both 3D Mode and Dual Mode.

You can adjust the Pulse Duration using the Set 3D Pulse Duration packet.

The adjustable time range is limited to 0 to 10,000 microseconds.

Pulse Duration has two modes:

Auto, where the LiDAR adjusts it automatically, and Fixed, where the user specifies a value.

If Pulse Duration is Fixed, the Pulse Duration Value is represented by the 14 bits following the 2nd bit.

# 6. Serial Communication

## Frequency Setting Request (0x0F)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x0F	Freq Ch	Check Sum
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	---------	-----------

You can change the frequency of the Light Source. When measuring the same space simultaneously with two or more CygLiDAR D2 devices, interference between light sources can occur, potentially causing errors in the measurement data. Applying different frequencies to each device in this case can help reduce data errors caused by interference. CygLiDAR D2 utilizes 16 frequency channels.

**Frequency Channel**

Channel 0 → 0x00

Channel 1 → 0x01

Channel 2 → 0x02

.

.

.

Channel 15 → 0x0F

## Set Serial Baud Rate (0x12)

Request Packet	0x5A	0x77	0xFF	0x02	0x00	0x12	Value	Check Sum
----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-------	-----------

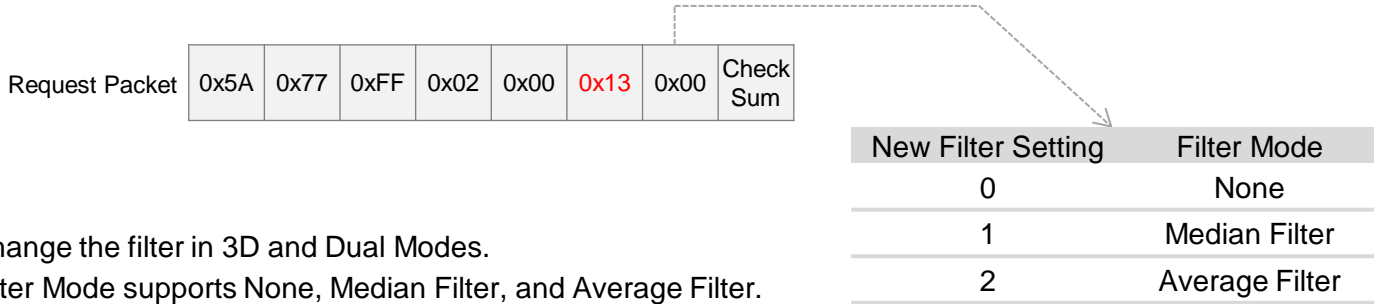
Change the Serial Baud Rate. CygLiDAR D2 supports five Serial Baud Rates: 57,600bps, 115,200bps, 250,000bps, 921,600bps, and 3,000,000bps. The default setting is 3,000,000bps, and when the Serial Baud Rate is changed, the device reboots and operates at the newly set Serial Baud Rate. The modified Serial Baud Rate is stored in the ROM, and even if the device's power is cut, it will automatically be set to the changed value.

**Baud Rate Packet**

Packet	Baud Rate	unit	f/w
0x39 →	57,600	bps	0.3.3~
0xAA →	115,200	bps	0.2.4~
0x77 →	250,000	bps	0.2.4~
0x88 →	921,600	bps	0.2.4~
0x55 →	3,000,000	bps	0.2.4~

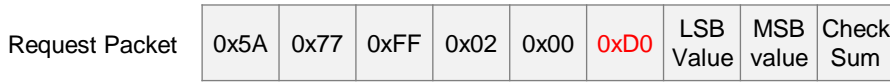
# 6. Serial Communication

## Set New Filtering (0x13)



Change the filter in 3D and Dual Modes.  
 Filter Mode supports None, Median Filter, and Average Filter.  
 The default setting is None, and when the Filter Mode is changed, the selected filter is applied to the 3D Data.

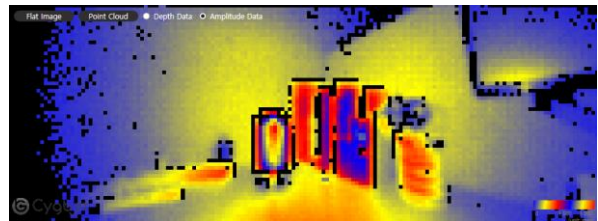
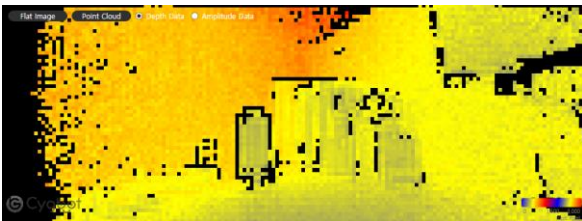
## Set Edge Filtering (0xD0)



Set the Edge Filter.

- 3D Data Mode: Depth Data
- Edge filter Setting: 130

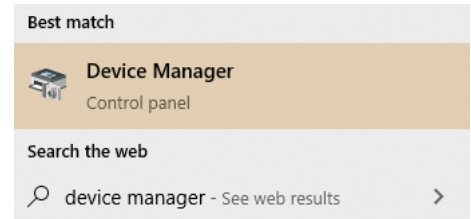
- 3D Data Mode: Amplitude Data
- Edge filter Setting: 130



# 7. Verification & Install

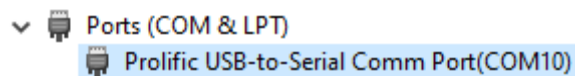
\* Connect CygLiDAR to PC in respect of [page 6](#)

## 1. Open Device Manager on your PC.



## 2. Check if CygLiDAR is successfully verified on your computer.

The serial driver is named 'Prolific USB-to-Serial Comm Port(COM#)' as below:



In case of not finding any port connected to the USB, download a driver from the following website:

**Window** [http://www.prolific.com.tw/US/ShowProduct.aspx?p\\_id=225&pcid=41](http://www.prolific.com.tw/US/ShowProduct.aspx?p_id=225&pcid=41)

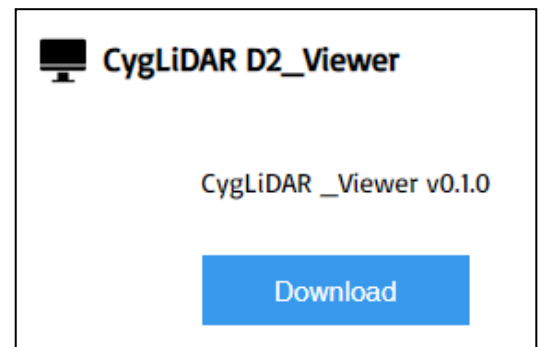
**MAC** [http://www.prolific.com.tw/US/ShowProduct.aspx?p\\_id=229&pcid=41](http://www.prolific.com.tw/US/ShowProduct.aspx?p_id=229&pcid=41)

**LINUX(Ubuntu)**

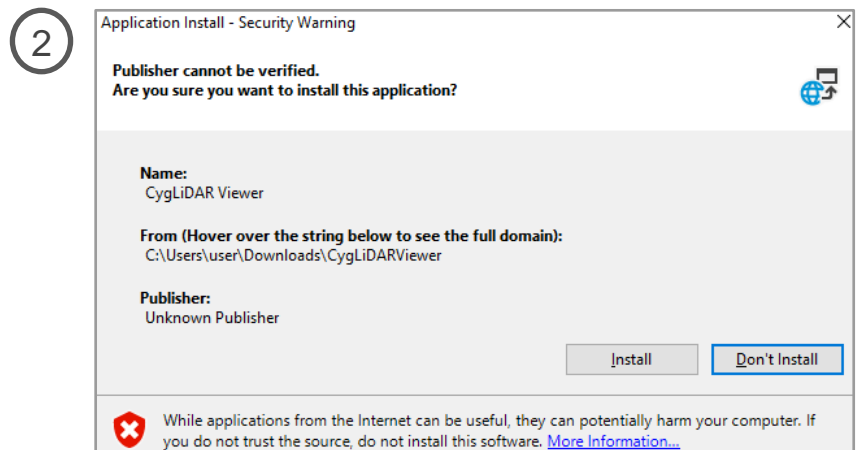
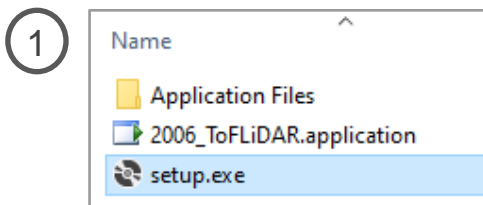
- ① `$ lsusb`  
Bus 001 Device 005: ID 067b:2303 Prolific Technology, Inc. PL2303 Serial Port
- ② `$ sudo modprobe usbserial vendor=0x067b product=0x2303`
- ③ `$ dmesg`

## 3. Download CygLiDAR Viewer

<https://www.cygbot.com/downloads>

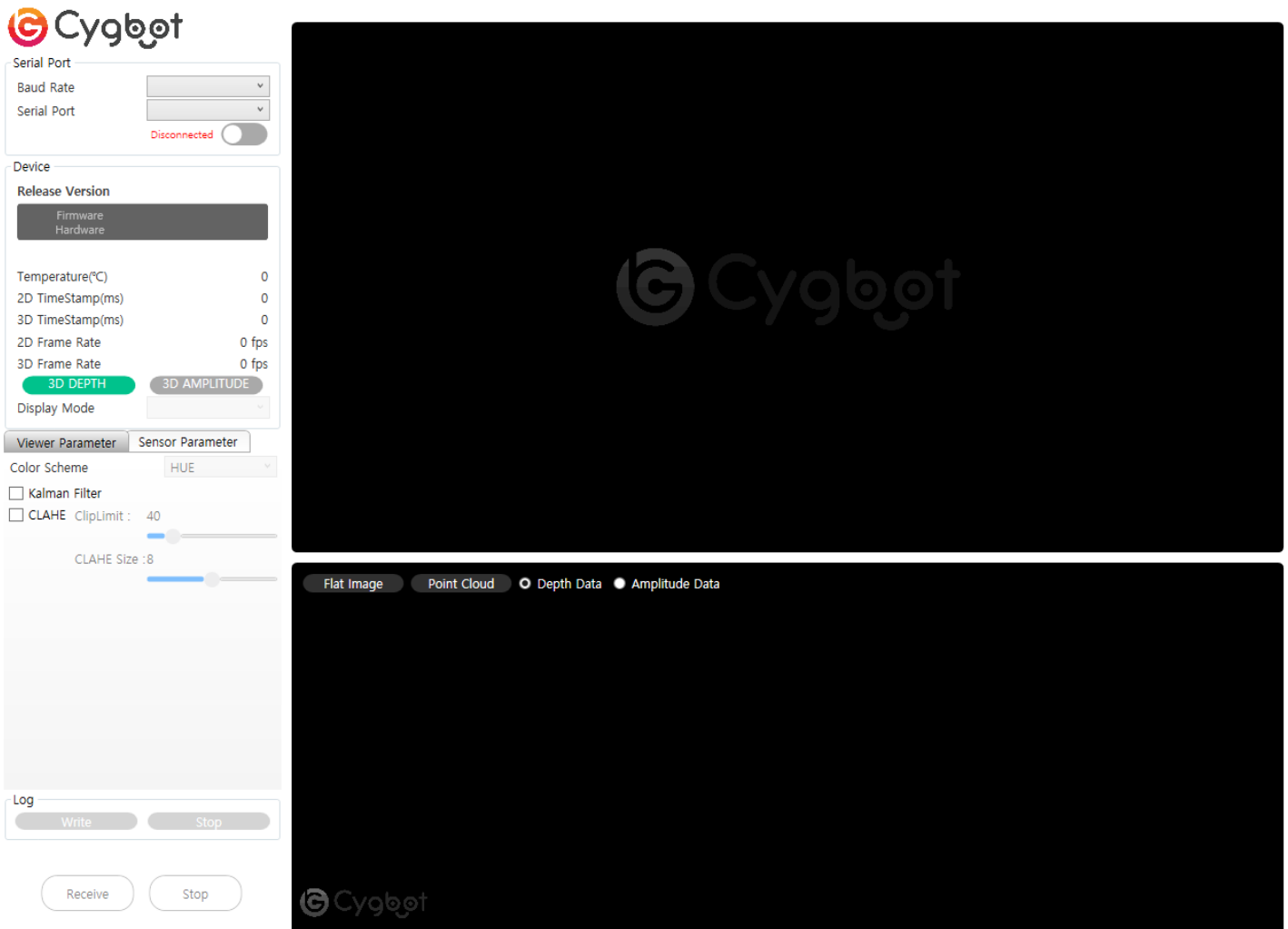


## 4. Install CygLiDAR Viewer



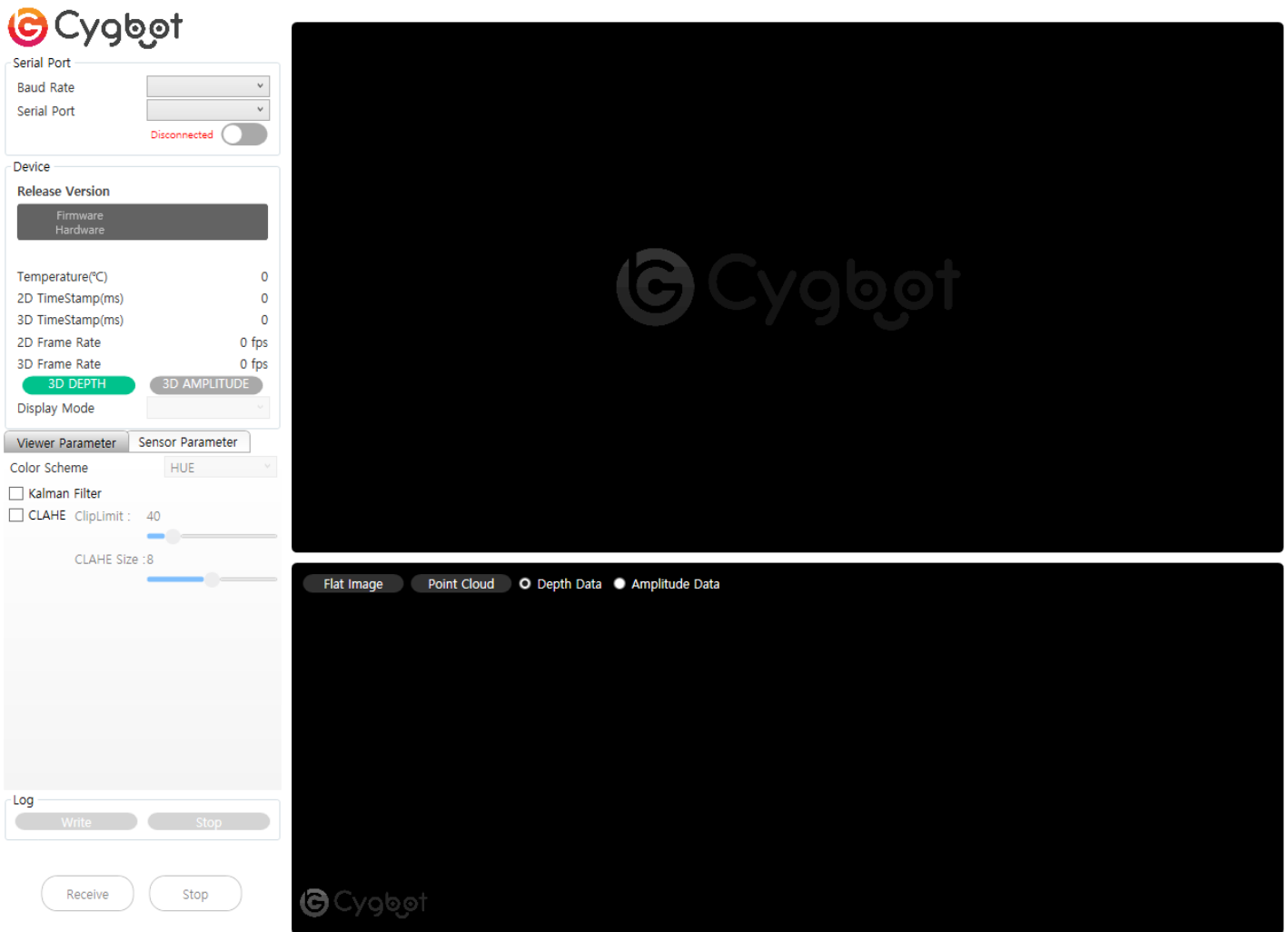


## 8. CygLiDAR Viewer



- 1) **Serial Port**
  - Select a baud rate and a serial port to use.
  
- 2) **Device**
  - Check on the release version of the latest update to CygLiDAR firmware and hardware.
  - Set up a 3D data and a display mode.
  
- 3) **Viewer Parameter**
  - (1) **Color Scheme**
    - Set a color scheme of the following scales: Hue, RGB or Gray (Image samples on [page 17](#)).
  - (2) **Kalman Filter**: Set a Kalman Filter
  - (3) **CLAHE**: Set Clip Limit and CLAHE Size

# 8. CygLiDAR Viewer



## 4) Sensor Parameter

### (1) 3D Pulse Duration Control

- Choose **Auto** and press **Apply** for a completion of Auto mode.
- Choose **Manual**, put a preferable value for the duration to send and press **Apply**.  
(The duration is +0 to the minimum and +10000 to the maximum available to apply.)

### (2) Frequency Channel

- Assign a channel restricted from +0 to +15 for light sources.

### (3) Baud Rate Setting

- Select a baud rate

### (4) Filter Setting

- Set a filter of the following mode: None, Median Filter or Average Filter.

### (5) Edge Filter Setting

- Provide a range of +10 to +100

### (6) Log

- Provide logarithm for distance values

# 8. CygLiDAR Viewer

## Example

- 1) Baud Rate : 3,000,000 bps
- 2) Serial Port : Choose an available port for CygLiDAR.

After all sets up, press Connected button to turn on CygLiDAR.

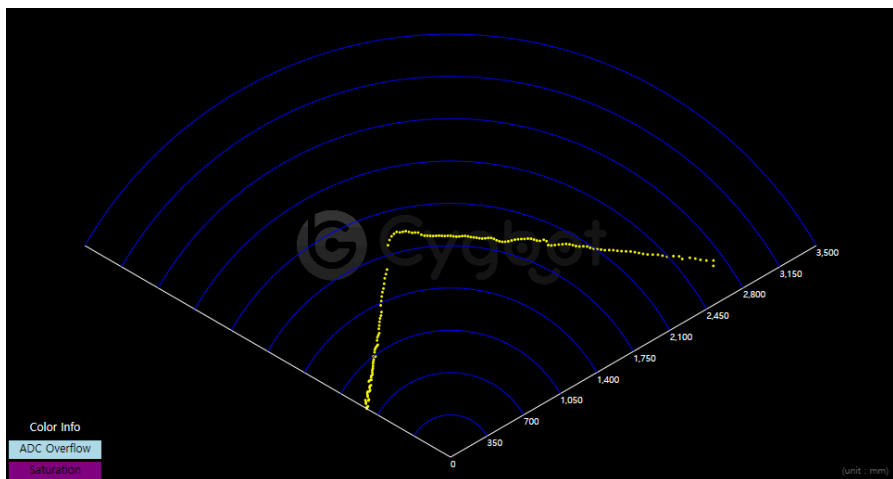
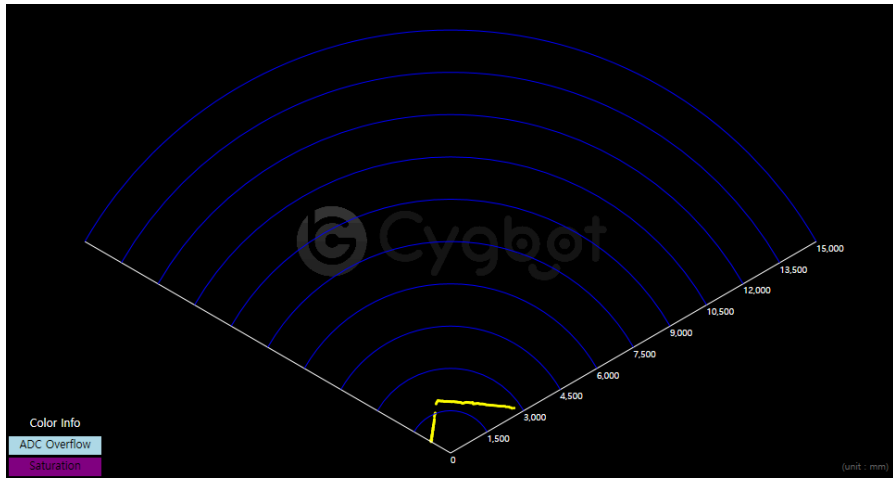
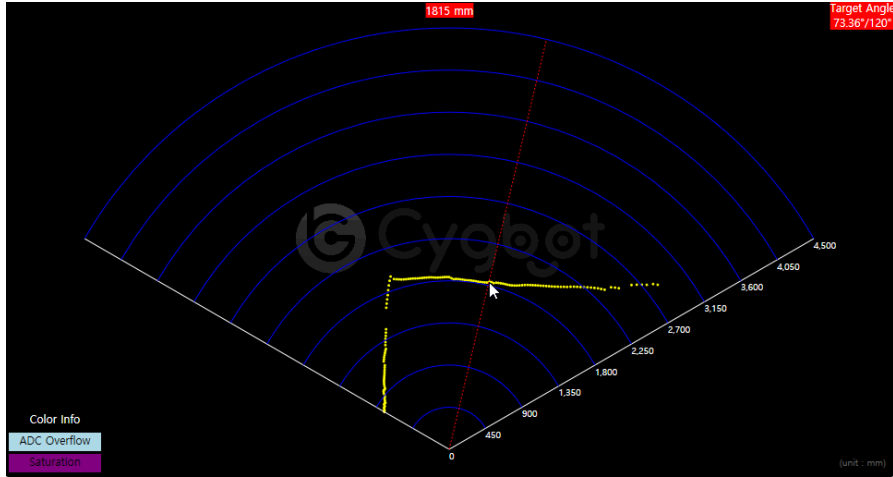
- 3) Display Mode :  
Select one of the following modes: Hue, RGB and Gray.

After all sets up, press Receive button to turn on CygLiDAR.

# 8. CygLiDAR Viewer

## 2D Data

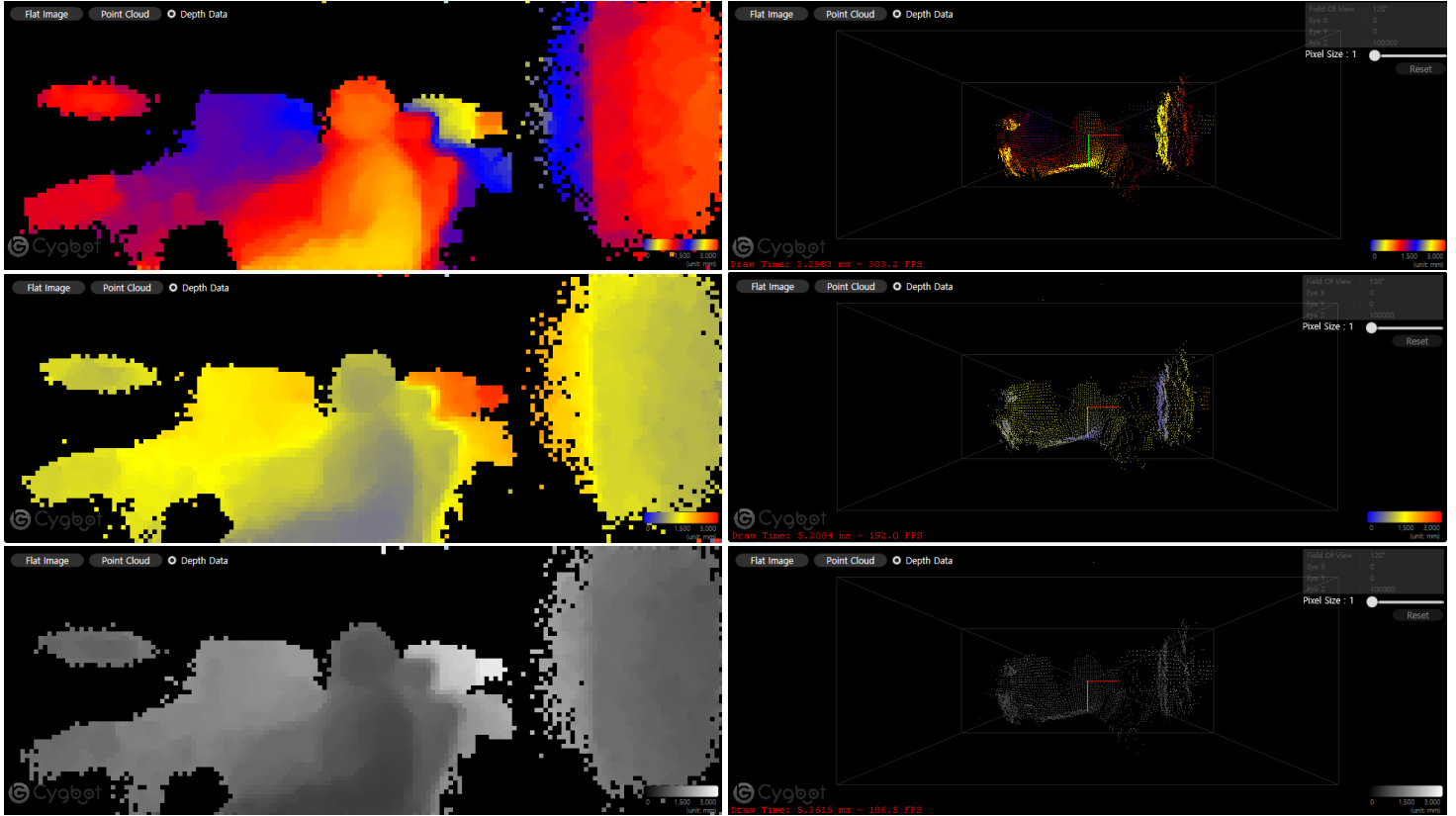
- Mouse cursor: each distance at the particular angle prints out on the preview.
- Mouse wheel: the canvas image zooms in and out as above.



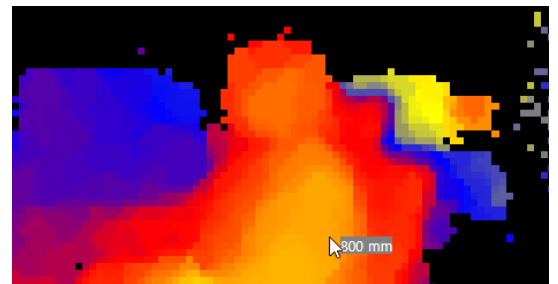
# 8. CygLiDAR Viewer

## 3D Data

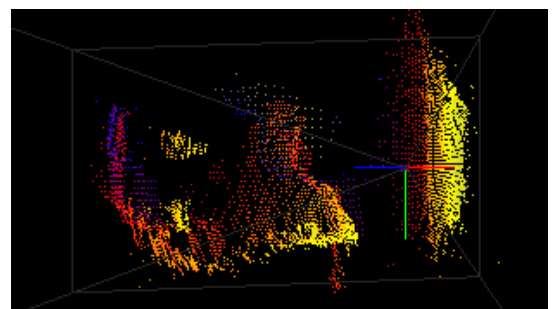
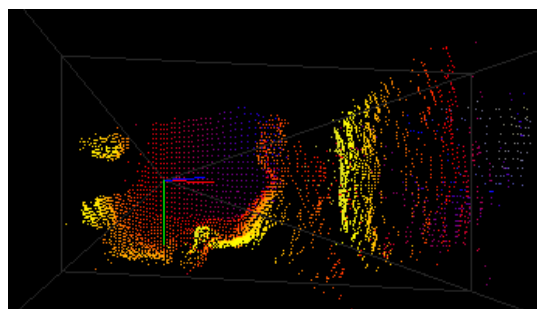
Each of the measured distances per pixel determines a color to be visualized on both 2D and 3D plans, and the color range is dependent on the selected Color Scheme.



- 1) Flat Image  
- Moving a mouse cursor updates a distance at the coordinate.



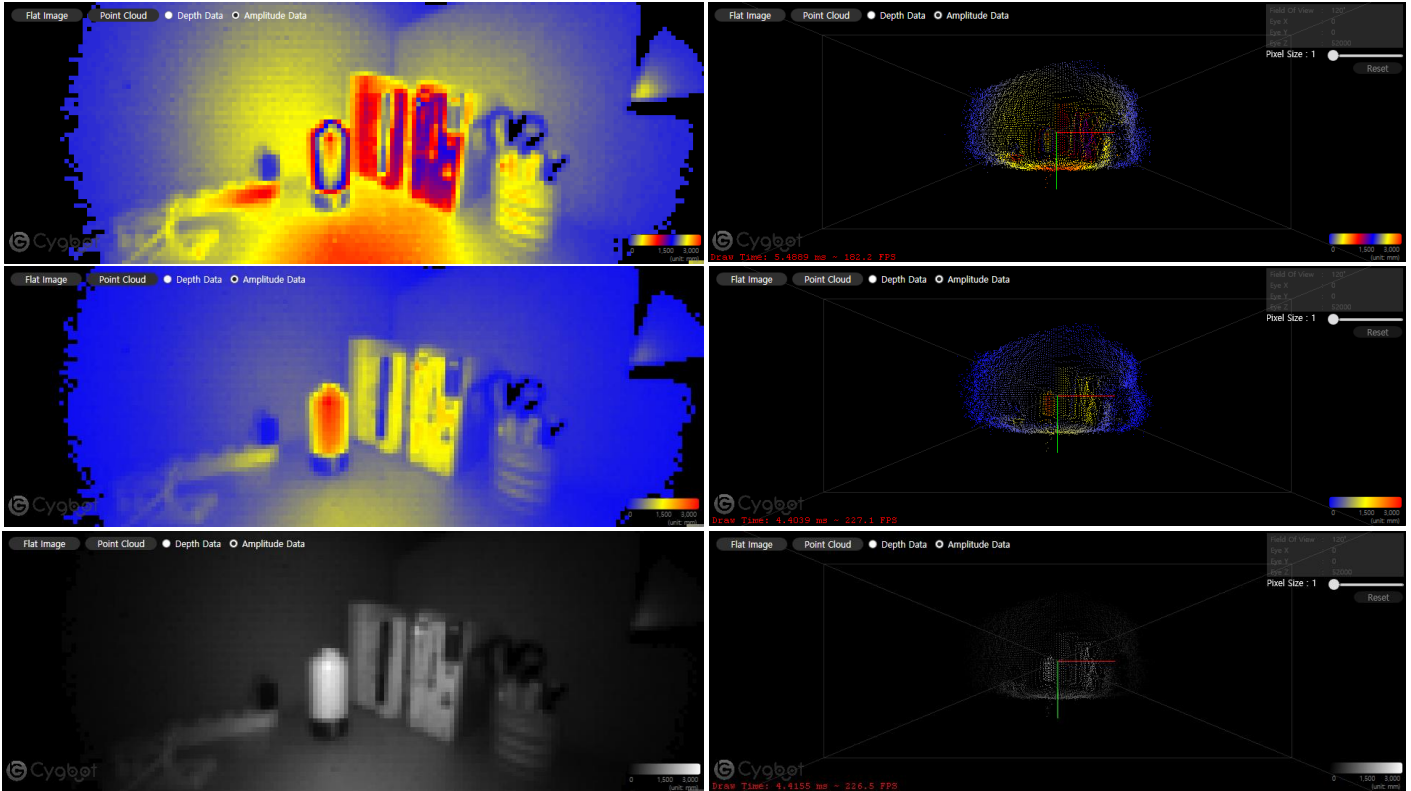
- 2) Point Cloud(Object)  
- Mouse Left button and mouse cursor changes the view from the viewpoint.



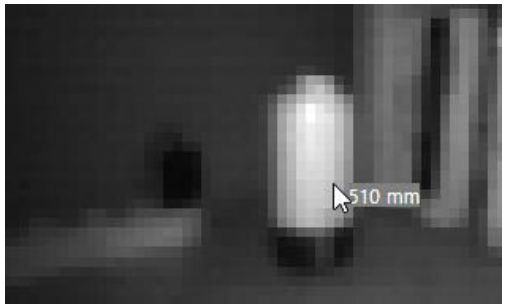
# 8. CygLiDAR Viewer

## 3D Amplitude

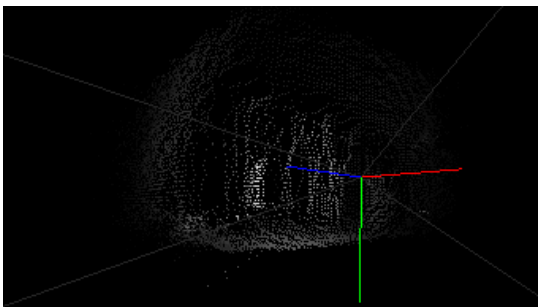
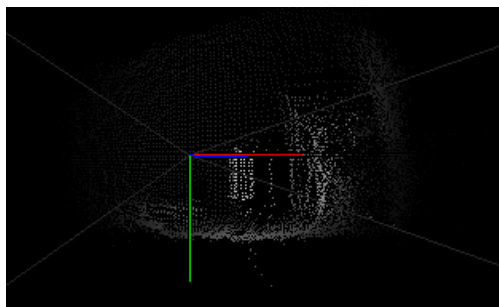
Each of the measured distances per pixel determines a color to be visualized on 3D plans, and the color range is dependent on the selected Color Scheme.



- 1) Flat Image  
- Moving a mouse cursor updates a distance at the coordinate.



- 2) Point Cloud(Object)  
- Mouse Left button and mouse cursor changes the view from the viewpoint.



## 9. CygLiDAR ROS Driver

1) Copy ROS Package URL from the following Git repository page:

[https://github.com/CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar\\_d2](https://github.com/CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar_d2)

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar_d2`. The repository is on the `main` branch, with 2 branches and 0 tags. The repository structure is as follows:

File/Folder	Last Commit	Time Ago
<code>D2_ROS2</code> (Folder)	Update D2_Publishe	
<code>launch</code> (Folder)	upload main branch	
<code>rviz</code> (Folder)	Create cyglidar_con	
<code>screenshots</code> (Folder)	Add files via upload	
<code>scripts</code> (Folder)	upload main branch	
<code>sdk</code> (Folder)	Update CYG_KalmanFilter.h	1 hour ago
<code>CMakeLists.txt</code> (File)	upload main branch source code D2	2 days ago
<code>LICENSE</code> (File)	Initial commit	2 days ago
<code>README.md</code> (File)	Update README.md	5 hours ago
<code>package.xml</code> (File)	upload main branch source code D2	2 days ago

The 'Clone' dropdown menu is open, showing the following options:

- Clone using the web URL (Selected)
- Open with GitHub Desktop
- Download ZIP

The HTTPS URL `https://github.com/CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar_d2.git` is highlighted, and the 'Copy url to clipboard' button is visible.

2) Clone the remote repository to your local computer as below:

**\$ git clone https://github.com/CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar\_d2.git**

```

● cygbot      xqq:~/d2_ws/src$ sudo git clone https://github.com/CygLiDAR-ROS/cyglidar_d2.git
Cloning into 'cyglidar_d2'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 175, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (175/175), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (157/157), done.
remote: Total 175 (delta 71), reused 69 (delta 15), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (175/175), 5.02 MiB | 5.89 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (71/71), done.

```

# 10. Revision history

## Document Revision History

31-Jan-24	0.1.0	Updated - CygLiDAR D2 Manual
01-Feb-24	0.1.1	Updated - Specification - Correcting a typo
27-Mar-24	0.2.1	Updated - Specification
04-Apr-24	0.2.2	Updated - Specification



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